NSC BRIEFING

28 February 1956

## POST-ELECTION GREECE

- Prime Minister Karamanlis' election squeak-through (19 Feb) I. gives him narrow majority control of new parliament. However, seats won by leftist candidates mean that new parliament will also be scene of Communist-inspired activities.
  - Although it polled only 46% of popular vote, Karamanlis' own party, the "National Radical Union" (ERE), won 163 of total 300 seats.
  - "Popular Front" coalition of Center and Left Parties, В. temporarily established for election campaign purposes, got 54% of popular vote.
    - However, "Front" has now dissolved, and leaders of Center parties, which won about 84 seats, have announced support for Karamanlis on foreign policy.
    - On domestic issues, however, Center parties will seek 2. to embarrass government, promote new elections.
- Successes by the Left Parties of the "Front", in turn, have II. given Communist-influenced groups the largest bloc in parliament in Greek history (44 seats).
  - Communist-front United Democratic Left (EDA) got 18 seats, Α. fellow-travelling Democratic Party (DKEL) 20, and Democratic Initiative Movement, 6.
  - For first time since 1947, Communists have gained some В. respectability and a forum from which to harrass the government.

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- III. Armed with parliamentary majority, Karamanlis' new government intends to tackle Greece's pressing domestic and foreign problems. However, Karamanlis anticipates his government will fall in about six months.
  - A. Any hard-hitting program of social reform will antagonize powerful vested interests, who could cause defection of enough ERE deputies (14 would be sufficient) to bring down Government.
  - B. However, Karamanlis believes that failure to push reforms would also bring about his fall.
  - C. He says he will go down fighting, probably in hope that his record will attract greater popular support in elections.
- IV. Narrow margin of ERE victory (old Rally, for example, had 239 seats) guarantees continuing political pressure for new recourse to polls.
  - A. New government will almost certainly fall well before completion of statutory four-year term: perhaps in 6 to 18 months.
  - B. Thus, Greek political activity in immediate future will probably be geared to expectation of new election campaign.
    - 1. All political leaders, including Karamanlis, will hope to benefit from new elections.
    - 2. Karamanlis government, therefore, is not likely to produce significant results.

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